Annual Report

2005

Institute for Peace Research and Security Policy
at the University of Hamburg (IFSH)

22587 Hamburg · Falkenstein 1
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The IFSH

Foreword: The work of the IFSH in 2005

For a period of two years, five junior research tandems from the USA and the Federal Republic of Germany will work on analysing the causes for the development of crises in transatlantic relations and on identifying the requirements for overcoming them. The supporting institutions in the research network between the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy and the IFSH are Tufts University and the Alexander-von-Humboldt Foundation, representing the American and German sides respectively. Initiated and sponsored by the Finnish Foreign Ministry, a study on Managing Change in Europe – Evaluating the OSCE and its Future Role, in which renowned scholars from the US, the Russian Federation, Sweden and Switzerland took part, was conceptualized and has been completed at the IFSH. With the support of the Fritz Thyssen Foundation, a three-year research project, investigating the effects of non-integrated approaches to the control of weapons of mass destruction on regime-building and of multilateral arms control on regime change, is being conducted.

The three new projects in 2005 represent the thematic range and the scope of international cooperation in the Institute’s research and consultancy work. Altogether, in the annual report period, 24 projects were continued and/or completed; a further 12 were either submitted or approved.

The postgraduate master’s programme “Masters of Peace and Security Studies” (M.P.S.) completed its third academic year in 2005 and began its fourth. Among the 21 newly registered students, we have, for the first time, a participant from Israel. And the female student body is once again in the majority. Seventeen PhD candidates participated in the IFSH doctoral programme.

Third-party funding raised in the annual report period amounted to 665,067 €. This represents an increase of 125,653 € or 18.9 per cent by comparison to the previous year’s total. In 2005, the IFSH defrayed personnel and material costs totaling 1,033,112 € with previously granted third-party funds.

Undoubtedly, the appointment of the new scientific director marks the most important institutional event. The joint appointment committee convened on 2 March for its sixth and final meeting. On 29 April, the list of recommendations was completed. On the basis of the President of the University of Hamburg’s recommendation of appointment, the board of trustees of the IFSH reached a decision on 5 July, so that appointment discussions were able to begin on 26 August. When Dr Michael Brzoska took up the post on 1 February 2006, the three-year transitional period came to an end.

My best wishes go to the new director and to my colleagues, who have shown their active support in the past years. We fully acknowledge that without the moral and financial support provided by various people and institutions, the IFSH would have suffered great losses. The sponsoring institution, the Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg has carried a major part of the financial burden. For this, we wish to extend our special thanks to its citizens.

Hamburg, February 2006

Reinhard Mutz
Development and Organization

The broad-based spectrum of peace research topics reflected in the IFSH’s charter and in its name, can be considered as its area of specialization insofar as the focal point of the Institute’s activities deals with peace research issues related to security policy. Since the Institute’s founding in the summer of 1971 and up until the end of the 1980s, research projects covered the issues of military balance of power and co-operative arms control, topics such as arms dynamics, the risk of war and arms conversion, political security alternatives, and questions of economic and ecological aspects of security as well as concepts for a new European peace order, a collective security system in and for Europe and issues of common security.

After 1989, the research area “Russian/Eastern European and Pan-European Integration” became the focal point of the Institute’s activities. In addition, since 1992, a group of staff members at the Institute has been working on the concept of a European Security Community (ESG). The preparatory work of the Institute on a “European system of collective security” and the results of the discussion on “collective security” along with other resources, have been interwoven into the development of the concept. In 1998, the focal points of the Institute, Russian/Eastern-European and Pan-European Integration, and the ESG were consolidated to create one area of concentration, European Security Policy, which, since 2001, has been further elaborated under the umbrella of the Centre for European Peace and Security Studies (ZEUS).

The findings of the ESG studies were additionally included in the analyses on the activities and further development of the Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE). Since 1995, they have formed an independent research unit and, within this framework, the IFSH has, since 1995, been publishing the OSCE-Yearbook. The Centre for OSCE Research (CORE), which developed from this, was inaugurated with all due ceremony by the Federal President Johannes Rau on 6 January 2000.

Besides the two above-mentioned focal points, the ISFH has, since its founding, given special attention to the investigation of issues dealing with Arms Control and Disarmament. A further research unit is concerned with new challenges and opportunities. Within the framework of the two main pillars of the IFSH, the projects of this research unit are being comprehensively elaborated in the “Interdisciplinary Research Group on Disarmament, Arms Control, and New Technologies” (IFAR).

In spring 2001, the research areas were incorporated into a joint research programme. The programme is entitled: “The Civilizing of Conflicts – Violence Prevention and Peace Consolidation with Civil Means”. In 2002, in response to the recommendations of the German Scientific Council the Institute council agreed upon a revised research programme with a new set of the focal points. Both were presented to the board of trustees.

The results of the Institute’s work have been published in numerous journals. In addition, since 1971, the Institute’s staff members have accepted teaching posts at the University of Hamburg and other institutions of higher education within and beyond Hamburg. In 2002, the IFSH, in co-operation with the University of Hamburg and 14 co-operation partners, organized the first postgraduate programme in peace research and security policy in the Federal Republic of Germany. In the winter semester 2005/2006, the fourth class of future graduates of the “Master of Peace and Security Studies” began studying.

Besides its academic teaching activities, the IFSH endeavours to initiate a variety of discussion and working groups through co-operation with research institutions at home and abroad. Furthermore, it not only seeks to communicate its findings through various public relations fora, but also to implement them in politics, in the executive branch, the media, and educational institutions. The Falkensteiner Round Table, which was founded in 1995, and the Sponsoring Association serve this purpose.
Bodies and Personnel

The Institute for Peace Research and Security Policy at the University of Hamburg (ISFH) is a civil law foundation. The Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg, represented by the Department of Science and Research, support the foundation. The organs of the Institute are as follows: Board of Trustees, Institute Council, Advisory Board, and the Staff Association. The chair of the foundation is the scientific director.

The Board of Trustees of the IFSH convened twice in the annual report period. In 2005, it comprised the following members:

- Dr Roland Salchow Secretary of State for the Ministry of Science and Research of the Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg (Chair)
- Dr Jürgen Lüthje, President of the University of Hamburg (Executive Vice-President)
- PD Dr Stephan Albrecht, Main Research BIOGUM
- Hartmut Delmas, Department of Germanic Languages, Literatures and Culture, Institute for German Studies II
- Prof. Dr Leoni Dreschler-Fischer, Department of Information Sciences, Research Area, Cognitive Systems
- Gernot Erler, MdB, Foreign Office State Secretary
- Antje Möller, Member of the Hamburg State Parliament
- Prof. Dr Rolf von Lüde, Department of Social Sciences, Institute for Sociology
- Berndt Röder, President of the Hamburg State Parliament
- Michael Schaaf, Student Representative
- Prof. Dr Rainer Tetzlaff, Department of Social Sciences, Institute for Political Science

The Advisory Board did not convene in the annual report period. In 2005, it comprised the following members:

- Prof. Egon Bahr (until June 2005), Federal Minister ret., former Director of the IFSH
- Prof. Dr Marian Dobrosielski, University of Warsaw
- Prof. Dr Hans-Peter Dürr, Werner-Heisenberg Institute for Physics, Munich
- Prof. Dr Catherine Kelleher, CNWS/ SRD, Naval War College, Newport
- Prof. Dr Jean Klein, Institut Français des Relations Internationales, Paris
- Prof. Dr Adam Daniel Rotfeld, January-October 2005 Minister of Foreign Affairs, Republic of Poland, Member of the National Council of Security, Warsaw

The Institute Council convened once in the annual report period. Members of the council are: the director, senior researchers, two representatives of the group of researchers and junior researchers, as well as a non-academic representative.

Personnel

Twenty students successfully completed the post-graduate programme in the annual report period and were awarded the “Masters of Peace and Security Studies” (see also Chapter on Junior Researchers, Masters Programme, and Doctoral Supervision Programme). One doctoral candidate completed his dissertation with very good results.

The members of staff of the IFSH comprise:

Institute Administration:
Director (Deputy): PD Dr Reinhard Mutz
Deputy Director: Prof. Dr Hans-Joachim Gießmann
Deputy Director: Dr Wolfgang Zellner

Senior Researchers:
Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart
Dr Erwin Müller
Dr Götz Neuneck
Ursel Schlichting, M.A.

Researchers:
Dr Andrea Berg
Bernt Berger, M.Ph.
Dr Frank Evers
Stephan Hensell, Dipl.-Pol.
Dr Martin Kahl
Dr Anna Kreikemeyer
Dr Annette Legutke
Dr Oliver Meier
Dr Patricia Schneider
Axel Schwanhäußer, Dipl.-Phys., M.P.S.
Dr Thorsten Stodiek

Public Relations:
Susanne Bund

Member of the Armed Forces:
Lieutenant Colonel G.S. Dr Jürgen Groß

Senior Research Fellows:
Dr Margret Johannsen
Dr Arne C. Seifert
Prof. Dr Kurt P. Tudyka

Fellows:
Dr Atyrkul Alishaeva
Dr David Aphrasidze
Dr Janja Bec-Neumann (DAAD-Lecturer)
Sofia Issenova
Christian Mölling, Dipl.-SozWiss.
Gulsara Osorova
Marina Pikulina
Dr Dosym A. Satpaev
Dr Farkhod F. Tolipov

Doctoral Candidates:
Goran Bandov, Dipl. jur., M.P.S.
Heiko Fürst, M.A.
Friederike Gräper, M.A.
Dennis Gratz, M.A.
Regina Heller, Dipl.-Pol.
Marietta König, M.A.
Elena Kropatcheva, M.A., M.P.S.
Naida Mehmedbegovic, M.A., M.P.S.
Jens Narten, Dipl.-Sozialwiss.
Delia Rahmonova-Schwarz, M.A.
Solveig, Richter, M.A.
Bernhard Rinke, M.A.
Katrin Simhandl, M.A.
Timothy Stoy
Jan Stupl, Dipl. Phys.
Isabelle Tannous, M.A.
Merle Vetterlein, Dipl.-Pol.
Junior Researchers and Support Staff:
Christian Alwardt
Nisha Arumugarajah
Burkhard Conrad
Daria Filippov
Mirko Guth
Susanne Halverscheid
Barbara Kauffmann
Niels Kreller
Jan Kuhn
Volker Laas
Jörn Lange
Jochen Rasch
Michael Schaaf
Fausta Šimaityte
Jochen Stahnke
Carsten Walter

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Heinke Peters
Jutta Stropahl

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Documentation:
Uwe Polley, Dipl.-Pol.

Administrative Officer:
Heidemarie Bruns
Research Units

Centre for OSCE Research (CORE)

The Centre for OSCE research sees itself as an independent, practice-oriented research institute. It differentiates between its research projects and its consulting activities. With the completion of three larger research projects, CORE has finished its first generation of projects, which focus primarily on the instruments of international organizations for crisis management. In the course of preparations for the second generation of projects, which will focus more strongly on power structures, transnational conflict constellations and the deepening of regional expertise, a large project on Central Asia was prepared in the annual report period. Five dissertations were continued and three were started. The Centre’s position on consultancy services was further concretized in two very promising projects. Regionally speaking, the focus on Central Asia was continued and expanded in a piecemeal process to include experts on the Balkans and the Caucasus. The number of those employed in Germany decreased slightly, while the number of CORE collaborators in the countries being researched, decreased significantly due to the next generation of projects.

1. Research Projects

a. The following research projects, which were started in the previous year, were continued or completed in the report period:

- The project funded by the Volkswagen Foundation, Performance Records of UN and OSCE Field Missions of Varying Size: the Cases of Georgia, Kosovo, Macedonia and Tajikistan, was extended again and completed in the annual report period. The project conducts comparative research on those factors in the field as well as at the headquarters of international organizations, which determine the effectiveness of field operations. The IFSH/CORE research team included Dr Annette Legutke and, in earlier stages, Dr Claus Neukirch and Wolfgang Sporrer, M.A. Six freelance researchers in the countries being investigated lent their support to project.

- The project funded by the Volkswagen Foundation, Security through Democratization? Theoretical Framework and Comparative Case Studies on the Objectives, Adequacy, Organization and Effectiveness of OSCE Democratization Measures Aimed at Building Security in Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan and Uzbekistan was extended and completed in the report period. The project investigated the basic relationship between the democratization measures of external actors and establishing stability and security. The IFSH/CORE research team included Dr Andrea Berg and Dr Anna Kreikemeyer. Six freelance researchers in the countries being investigated lent their support to the project.

- The project funded by the German Foundation for Peace Research, The OSCE and the Creation of Multi-Ethnic Police Forces in the Balkans, was completed in the annual report period. The project investigated the effectiveness and sustainability of developing a multi-ethnic police force in the Balkans through the UN, the OSCE, and the (W)EU. Dr Thorsten Stodiek, who was assisted by a police advisor and three local staff members, implemented the project.

- The PhD project Media Assistance as an Instrument of External Democracy Promotion. Motives, Objectives and Implementation Strategies of International Actors in Bosnia Herzegovina and Kosovo was continued. The project is investigating the basic strategic interests and goals in the promotion of the media by the OSCE, the EU, Germany, and the US. The dissertation project is being conducted by Friederike Gräper, M.A.

- The PhD project Sustainable Peace-Building in UN-Mandated Territories: Conflict Civilization, Human Rights Protection and State-Building by International Missions in
Kosovo funded by the German Foundation for Peace Research aims at developing a multi-dimensional theoretical approach for the sustainable consolidation of peace in post-war and conflict-ridden societies based on the work of the UN, the OSCE, the EU and NATO. Furthermore, it seeks to link these with the approaches used in sustainable civilization of conflicts, human rights protection and nation-building. The dissertation project is being conducted by Dipl.-Soz.Wiss. Jens Narten.

- The PhD project funded by the German Foundation for Peace Research, “Gypsies” and “Roma” – The Discursive Opening-up of Political Space by the Institutions of the European Union was continued. Against the background of a long tradition of stereotypical perceptions of minorities (including their economy), the different conceptualizations of the category Roma underlying the different institutions of the European Union is being studied from the point of view of discourse analysis. The dissertation project is being conducted by Katrin Simhandl, M.A.

- The PhD project The Effectiveness of External Democratization Efforts for Internal Transition: International Organizations in South-eastern Europe is being implemented mainly at the University of Dresden and at CORE. The project plans are to develop an analytical approach to measure the effectiveness of international organizations on a sub-systematic level based on the principles of international relations and transformation studies, and then use these in case studies (Croatia, Bosnia and Herzegovina und Serbia and Montenegro) for empirical research on OSCE democratization efforts. Solveig Richter, M.A. is conducting the dissertation project.

- The PhD project, funded by the Friedrich Naumann Foundation, Russian Policy towards Ukraine as a Source of Contention with the West, investigates what characteristics create tension in Russian foreign policy, for example, in the intensified co-operative relations with the “West” (the EU, the US, and NATO). The dissertation, which focuses on Putin’s presidency since 2000, is being conducted by Elena Kropatchewa, M.A.

b. The following projects were approved and/or started in the annual report period.

- The PhD project United Nations Field Operations in Ethno-Political Conflicts: Analysing the Effectiveness of UNOMIG Mediation between Georgia and Abkhazia, funded by the Friedrich Naumann Foundation, concentrates on the question of whether and in what form the interventions of UNOMIG have influenced conflict resolution processes and what factors were of particular importance. Marietta König, M.A, is carrying out the dissertation project.

- The PhD project The Implementation of the Framework Agreement of Ohrid and its Influence on the Stability of the Republic of Macedonia, funded by the German Foundation for Peace Research, investigates the question of whether this agreement makes an appropriate contribution to inter-ethnic reconciliation in Macedonia after the violent conflict of 2001, or whether the after-effects of its implementation have caused the further exacerbation of ethno-political segregation and polarization. Dipl.-Pol. Merle Vetterlein is carrying out the dissertation project.

- The PhD project Transnational Migration and Socio-Political Change in Central Asia: A Cross-Country Study on Labour Migration from Central Asia to Russia focuses on the issue of the societal and political consequences of worker migration, which has become a mass phenomenon in the Central Asian states and in Russia. The dissertation is being carried out by Delia Rahmonova-Schwarz, M.A. within the framework of the doctoral programme at the International Graduate School in Sociology at the University of Bielefeld.
c. The following projects, which have been prepared or submitted, have not yet been decided:

- One grant application was prepared for the research project *Power-Maintenance Strategies and Foreign Policy Co-operation Behaviour in Central Asian States* in the annual report period.

- The following grant applications were prepared but not approved:
  - None.

2. Consultancy Projects

CORE views itself as a practice- and policy-oriented research institute. Therefore, in addition to its scientific research, it attaches particular importance to offering consultancy services.

a. The following consultancy projects, which were started in the previous year, were either continued or completed in the report period.

- As a sub-project within the framework project of the German Foreign Office (Cf. 2b), CORE continued to support the development of the OSCE Academy in Bishkek (Kyrgyzstan). This consisted, among other activities, of teaching at the Academy within the framework of the post-graduate master’s programme, *Political Science (Central Asia)*, including participation in the admissions process for the programme as well as in the *Advisory Committee* of the Academy (Andrea Berg, Frank Evers, Anna Kreikemeyer).

- With the financial support provided by the group of twelve OSCE participating States, which was initiated by Ambassador Aleksi Härkönen, the Permanent Representative of Finland to the OSCE, CORE produced the booklet *The Culture of Dialogue: The OSCE Acquis 30 Years after Helsinki* on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the signing of the Helsinki Final Act, in which the principles, norms, commitments and activities of the OSCE in the process of its evolution are compiled. The governments of Belgium, Germany, Finland, Ireland, Iceland, Liechtenstein, The Netherlands, Austria, Sweden, Switzerland, Slovenia and Turkey sponsored the project.

- *OSCE Depositary Library*. Based on a concept developed by the OSCE Secretariat and with the German Foreign Office’s support, CORE set up an *OSCE Depositary Library*, which makes CSCE/OSCE documents and corresponding secondary literature accessible. The *Library* is a non-lending library; library opening hours are the same as the IFSH Library.

- *Professional Information Network on International Relations and Regional Geography* (FIV-IBLK). Work was continued within the framework of the FIV-IBLK in the annual report period. The FIV-IBLK’s data base project World Affairs Online (WAO) is a scientific/academic databank with around 600,000 entries. CORE has taken on the task of data entry of OSCE documents as well as OSCE relevant literature for online use.

- *OSCE Networking Project*. In co-operation with the Graduate Institute of International Studies, Geneva, the International Relations and Security Network (ISN), and the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology in Zurich (ETHZ), CORE maintains the *OSCE Networking Website*. The *OSCE Networking Website* was entirely redone in 2004, updated in 2005, and now offers, among others, around 3,500 links to all 55 OSCE participating States.
b. The following consultancy projects were authorized, started and completed in the annual report period:

- As in previous years, the framework project 2005 for the Centre for OSCE Research, which was approved by the German Foreign Office, comprises the publication of the OSCE Yearbook in German, English, and Russian (see Chapter on Publications), the development of the OSCE Depositary Library (Cf. 2a), support for the development of the OSCE-Academy in Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan, (Cf. 2a) and the production in the annual report period of the following Policy Papers on the topics of Analysis of Economic Instruments for OSCE-Crisis Management Based on the Example of Moldova and South Ossetia; Possibilities for Transferring the OSCE-Acquis and Know-How to the Association of Southeast Asian Nations Regional Forum (ARF) and The Project Activities of the OSCE and the EU in Central Asia – Parallels, Overlaps, Deficits and Synergies.

- At the initiative of, and with the financial support of the Finnish Foreign Ministry, CORE compiled a study on the ongoing OSCE reform discussions entitled Managing Change in Europe – Evaluating the OSCE and Its Future Role: Competencies, Capabilities, and Missions in co-operation with an international Task Force comprised of the Director of the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute (SIPRI), Ambassador Alyson Bailes; Prof. Victor-Yves Ghebali, Graduate Institute of International Studies (Geneva); Prof. Terrence Hopmann, The Watson Institute for International Studies, Brown University (Providence, RI, USA); and Dr Andrei Zagorski, Moscow State Institute of International Relations (MGIMO).

c. For the following consultancy projects, which were either prepared or submitted in the annual report period, no decision has yet been taken:

- The framework project for the Centre for OSCE Research for the year 2006 was submitted towards the end of the reporting period and, as usual, the budget year in question will be decided upon in January.

3. Personnel

At the end of the annual report period, seven members of staff involved in research, including the director, were employed at the Centre for OSCE Research. Six foreign staff members were working on CORE projects from their home countries. Eight doctoral candidates were working on their dissertations. With respect to the OSCE Yearbook, the editor-in-chief and one other editor worked on this annual publication. In information and documentation, one and a half positions were filled in the OSCE Depositary Library and an additional four student assistants were hired. Furthermore, CORE staff members supervised eight interns during the annual report period.

Centre for European Peace and Security Studies (ZEUS)

The Centre for European Peace and Security Studies (ZEUS) of the IFSH focuses on the European Union’s increased responsibility in the promotion of peace, security and advancement in Europe and throughout the world. In the annual report period, ZEUS investigated the possibilities for the EU to negotiate non-violent crisis prevention and civilized relations on the periphery of Europe, and its responsibility as a global actor. Within the framework of the military component of the IFSH, part of the centre’s research dealt with further investigations into the role of “civic education” in Bundeswehr missions as well as the involvement of armed
forces in democratically constituted states and in the coalitions they lead. Third-party funding applications were filed and the drafting of new research proposals was begun.

The most important scientific results of 2005 were the published closing reports of the projects on “Democracy in the Army/Army in the Democracy” as well as on security policy dynamics in the Middle East. Of particular importance was the successful completion of the dissertation project by Bernhard Rinke on the European security policy of the CDU/CSU and the SPD. Worthy of mention too is that third-party funds were successfully raised, from the Alexander-von-Humboldt Foundation, among other sources, for the multi-year German American cooperation project with the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy on the development of a transatlantic security policy. Particularly noteworthy in the area of scientifically-based services and transfer capacities, are the third-party funds, raised for the successful expansion of the Academic Network Southeast Asia and the continuation of the International Graf Baudissin Fellowship-Programme. In 2005, the centre’s research staff conducted academic courses and seminars within the framework of the M.P.S. programme. Supervision was also provided to doctoral candidates, students of the M.P.S. programme and of the European master’s programme “Human Rights and Democratization”.

1. Research projects

a. The following projects were either completed or continued in the annual report period:

- The research project Democracy in the Army. Democratization of the Armed Forces in the Context of European Security I (DemoS I), which was completed in the report period, carried out comparative research on the central democratic deficits within Germany’s armed forces and that of other EU states. The objects under investigation were the army constitution, military structures and the principle of command and obedience. Recommendations for a comprehensive reform concept within the framework of the CFSP were developed. The BMVg-funded project (appropriations for officers) had a duration of 36 months and was headed by Lieutenant Colonel G.S. Dr Jürgen Groß.

- In the project Army in Democracy. Democratization of the Armed Forces in the Context of European Security II (DemoS II) the conceptual design and practical implementation of democratic control over the German armed forces and other EU States was investigated. Emphasis was placed on the parliament’s participation in deployed operations. Recommendations for central control mechanisms within the framework of the CFSP were developed. The BMVg-funded project (appropriations for officers) was conducted by Lieutenant Colonel G.S. Dr Jürgen Groß and completed in 2005.

- The project Civic Education as a European Peace Concept (DemoS V) focuses on the reform concept “Citizens in Uniform”, which was first developed by the founding director of the IFSH, Wolf Graf Baudissin. In co-operation with the Baudissin Documentation Centre at the Federal Armed Forces Command and Staff College (FüAkBW), the European and peace policy elements of Baudissin’s concept of civic education as well as the possibilities for incorporating it into the foreign, security, and defense policy of the EU are being implemented and researched. The project was supported with BMVg funding (appropriations for officers) and with material resources by the Federal Armed Forces Command and Staff College. Dr Claus Frhr. v. Rosen (FüAkBW) headed the project, and Lieutenant Colonel G.S. Dr Jürgen Groß participated on behalf of ZEUS.

- Security policy dynamics in the so-called “Broader Middle East” was the object of investigation in the empirically and comparatively-based project Security in the “Broader Middle East”: Challenges for the EU and NATO. Based on an international
conference, in which regional and security policy experts as well as representatives of the EU, NATO, the German Foreign Office, the Federal Ministry for Economic Development and Co-operation and the Federal Ministry of Defence participated, studies were developed resulting in joint publications. NATO supported the project with material resources; Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart and Dr Margret Johannsen implemented the project and completed it in 2005.

- Within the framework of the German Foundation for Peace Research (DSF) funded dissertation project, The Two Great German Parties and the “Peace Project Europe”: World Power, Civil Power, Peace Power? A study on the CDU and the SPD’s European Policies with a Special View to their Positions on the Genesis, Structure and Perspectives toward a Common Foreign Security and Defence Policy for the European Union, the positions of the two major German parties, the CDU and the SPD, on the CFSP and ESDP was investigated. The development of the positions of the two parties was analysed through qualitative content analysis and against the background of the dynamic framework of the EU and their roles as EU actors in the international system. Bernhard Rinke completed the dissertation in 2005.

- The project The Role of the Palestinian Diaspora in Conflict Development and Transformation investigates the role of Palestinians in exile and migrants in Western Europe in the dynamic of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict and the possibilities and limits of their contributing to its transformation through involvement in the processes of civil conflict resolution. Dr Margret Johannsen conducted the project, which, among other outcomes, produced three publications.

- In the project Lexicon EUropean Security Policy brief entries of relevant terms are explained from a European security policy context. Terms are mainly related to topics found in the Common Foreign Security Policy (CFSP) as well as the European Security and Defence Policy (ESDP) of the European Union. With a database of over 600 key words, users can conduct targeted searches on numerous aspects of European security. This project is being implemented by Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart and is expected to be completed in 2006.

- The German Research Foundation (DFG) financed research project, Privatization of the Security Sector in Peripheral Post-Socialist States, which deals with the problems associated with de-nationalization of violence in post-socialist societies, was started in March 2003. This systematic and empirically based project investigates the forms and processes of privatization in the security sector of post-socialist states. In this context, the relationship between social change, national power and the privatization of state violence is being explored. An empirical comparison deals with the cases of Albania and Georgia. The request for an extension of DFG-funding for another six months was granted. The project is headed by Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart and will be conducted by Dipl.-Pol. Stephan Hensell in collaboration with Dr David Aphrasidze. The completion of the project is planned for 2006.

- The project Security Handbook was started in 1994. The fourth edition of the handbook was published in 2004. The fifth edition focusing on the topic of “security policy developments in East-Asia” was prepared in the annual report period. The publication will be released in 2007. Researchers from many different countries participated in the project, which was headed by Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann.

- The project Interregional Co-operation EU - ARF – ASEAN: Focus East Asia investigates the security situation in East Asia and the increasing global risks and challenges resulting therefrom as well as the specific possibilities of the EU to contribute to stability and the reduction of regional security risks. The areas focused on are the Korean peninsula and the People’s Republic of China/Taiwan. The project is being implemented in co-operation with the Shanghai Institute for International Studies (SIIS). The project is viewed as a contribution of the IFSH/ZEUS to the city partnership
Hamburg-Shanghai. This project is being implemented by Bernt Berger MSc. Phil. Completion of the project is planned for 2006.

- The project Risk Analysis Terrorism. Terrorism as a Threat to Seaports in Metropolitan Areas. Case Study Hamburg and Shanghai was started in 2005. The project investigates specific potential threats of terrorist attacks to seaports in metropolitan areas. The project is viewed as a contribution of the IFSH/ZEUS to the city partnership Hamburg-Shanghai. Completion of the project is planned for 2007. It is being conducted by Dr Erwin Müller and Dr Patricia Schneider.

- Regina Heller, M.A. has continued work on her dissertation The Socialization of Norms in Russia – Chances and Limits of European Human Rights Policies compared with the Russian Federation. The different mechanisms and conditions for a successful transfer of norms and rules within the framework of the human rights policy of the EU are being analysed. Completion of the project, which, until 2004, was funded by the German Foundation for Peace Research, is planned for 2006.

- The dissertation project by Heiko Fürst M.A., National Debates on a Common Foreign Policy in Poland, Romania and Hungary, which was funded by the DSF up until 2004, compares the basic discourse principles and perceptions that shape European foreign and security policy. Completion of the project is planned for 2006.

- The US Army is funding the dissertation project of LTC Timothy Stoy, Democracy, Soft Power and Military Strength. ESDP and NATO from the Perspective of the US. Based on examples of selected missions of the EU and NATO, goals, means and results will be analysed comparatively. The project will be completed in 2006.

- The PhD project Elitocide in Bosnia-Herzegovina 1992-1995 investigates the targeted elimination of members of the political, economic, scientific and intellectual elites during the war and its consequences on the consolidation of peace in the aftermath of the war. The project is supported by the German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD) and implemented within the framework of the junior research programme of the IFSH. Dennis Gratz from Bosnia-Herzegovina is conducting the project. Completion of the doctoral dissertation is planned for 2006.

- The project The (Re-)Construction of State Institutions on the West Bank and in the Gaza Strip as a European Foreign and Security Policy Task deals with the challenges the EU faces in connection with the Palestinian state-building project, particularly the building of a legitimate monopoly of power under the conditions of resistance and occupation. The project is being implemented by Dr Margret Johannsen and is expected to be completed by 2007.

- The PhD project funded by the German Foundation for Peace Research Conflict Prevention and Crisis Management of the European Union takes stock of a cross-section of foreign and security policy tasks of the EU and evaluates the limits and opportunities for a new overall concept in the governance structures of the European multi-level system. This dissertation project is being conducted by Isabelle Tannous within the framework of the junior researcher programme of the IFSH. Completion of the dissertation is planned for 2007.

- The PhD project Changes in the Elite of Bosnia und Herzegovina in Transition is being conducted within the framework of the junior researcher programme of the IFSH. The tendencies, challenges and problems of changes in the elite brought on by socio-political transition in Bosnia and Herzegovina will be investigated. The dissertation project is being conducted by Naida Mehmedbegovic and is expected to be completed by 2008.
b. The following research projects were either approved and/or started in the annual report period:

- The project *Revisiting the Transatlantic Security Relationship after the Iraq War* analyses the deeper causes of the latent crisis in transatlantic security relations with a special focus on the chances of overcoming it and, beyond that, the development of German-American relations, the future of NATO, and relations between the US and the European Union. Within the framework of the *Junior Research Tandems* from the US and Germany, and thus supported by a German-American group of experts from the sciences and politics, studies are being developed that provide a fresh impetus for scientific and political discourse on how to overcome the conflicts that have arisen. The project is being conducted in co-operation with the Fletcher School of Law and Diplomacy of Tufts University. The German head of the project is Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann. The third-party funds raised to implement the project were provided by the Alexander-von-Humboldt Foundation. Completion of the project is expected in 2007.

- *The EU and the Fight Against Terrorism* is the focus of Dr Martin Kahl’s framework project with special emphasis on the effectiveness of the EU’s anti-terrorism policy. One component of the project is to raise third-party funds for sub-projects. Completion of the project is planned for 2007-2008.

- The new PhD project *The Protection of National Minorities in the Republic of Croatia as an Instrument for the Prevention of Ethno-Political Conflicts*, which is being conducted by Dipl. jur. Goran Bandov M.P.S, was started at the end of 2005. Among other topics, the project deals with the possibilities and limitations of the EU’s ability to exercise its influence in the implementation of human rights instruments in the course of the upcoming ascension negotiations. Completion of the project, which is funded by the Friedrich Naumann Foundation, is planned for 2007/2008.

- In the report period, the EU approved the co-operative project, *Aspects of Chinese-European Security Co-operation*, between East China Normal University in Shanghai and ZEUS. Within the framework of establishing a European Studies Centre at the ECNU, the leaders of the project, Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann and Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart, are co-ordinating participation in the project. The responsible research officer administrating the project is Bernt Berger MSc. Phil., who, during his one-year stay in Shanghai during the report period, has laid the groundwork for co-operation between ECNU and ZEUS. The project begins in 2006 and has a duration of four years.

c. The following research projects, which were prepared or submitted in the annual report period, have not yet been decided upon:

- ZEUS participates in the co-operative network of scientific institutions on the topic of “Precarious Statehood”. The aim of the project is the development of a research group supported by the German Research Foundation. The project focuses on the effects of external intervention and precarious statehood against the background of reconstituting statehood and effective governance. Dr Martin Kahl is responsible for filing the application for the IFSH.

d. The following applications were prepared, but not approved:

- The project *Security Governance (PJZ)* intends to investigate the consequences of the expansion of the EU from the perspective of the resulting challenges and problems as well as the chances for a peace and security policy-oriented co-operation between the EU and/or its member states and those countries bordering on the EU space. An application for funding of the project was submitted to the DSF, but was provisionally declined. The application is to be submitted again in 2006 after it has been reworked and redrafted.
2. Scientific-Based Service Projects

- Thanks to the Wolf Graf von Baudissin Medal, which was awarded to the former director, Prof. Dr Dr Dieter S. Lutz, and the IFSH with an endowment of 30,000 Euro, the International Fellowship-Programme Graf Baudissin (IFGB) was able to be continued in the annual report period under the supervision of Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart and Lieutenant Colonel G.S. Dr Jürgen Groß. In 2005, a fellow from Romania was supervised.

- ZEUS is in charge of co-ordinating the Academic Network South East Europe – the most important co-operation project of the IFSH with the German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD). The aim of the project is, above all, to intensify debates between young junior researchers on peace-policy relevant topics, support scientific and academic exchange, develop a sustainable scholar and student co-operation between junior researchers from South-eastern Europe, e.g. those in diaspora, academic partner institutes in Southeastern Europe, and the IFSH as well as the German organizations involved in the Co-operation Network Peace Research and Security Policy (KoFrieS). Approaches, programmes and research findings are discussed and made public, at, among other fora, <www.akademischesnetzwerk-soe.net>. Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann has the overall responsibility for the project; Dr Patricia Schneider is the executive head of the network.

3. Personnel

In 2005, nine researchers, including the director, a further eight PhD students and two student assistants were employed at the Centre. One member of staff works in his home country (Georgia). Dr Janja Bec-Neumann compliments the team as DAAD lecturer for the Academic Network. Furthermore, the research conducted by the military component of the IFSH is connected with the centre. The ZEUS members of staff supervised 14 interns during the annual report period.

Interdisciplinary Research Group on Disarmament, Arms Control and Risk Technologies (IFAR)

Since the founding of the institute, the topics armament, arms control and disarmament, have comprised the institute’s research areas. The working group known since 2004 as the Interdisciplinary Research Group on Disarmament, Arms Control and Risk Technologies, has focused on conceptual and scientific technology for approximately 10 years. With the end of the East-West conflict, there has been an increased trend in peace and security policy research towards analyses of non-military causes of conflict. However, it is important that progress made in the area of armament dynamics and the proliferation of technologies used to develop weapons of mass destruction be closely observed. This is taking place under different circumstances and in a new constellation of actors, structures and processes, but its effects on world politics continues unabated. Examples for this are the crises in North Korea and in Iran. As a consequence of the scientific technological revolution, a number of new technologies are being developed at present, for example, global communication and control systems and modern bio weapons, which could become or already are relevant to armament developments. The possibilities for information warfare or the threat to critical infrastructures is based on the so-called “revolution in military affairs”, in which the research and development of technologies already has a sustainable effect on conflict constellations. In the annual report period, the research group on disarmament and arms control dealt with the interplay between armament dynamic factors and the possibilities of arms control under the conditions of an increasingly asymmetrical world. Special emphasis was placed on a combination of methodologies from the natural and social sciences with the following lines of research:
fundamentals, possibilities and forms of arms control, disarmament and non-proliferation after the East-West conflict as well as the development of applicable concepts on preventive arms control;

- “monitoring” of advanced armament dynamics and arms control policy in Europe and worldwide with a focus on modern technology; and

- technical possibilities for existing and future (arms) development, above all, in the area of missile defence and space weapon systems.

1. Research Projects

a. The following ongoing research projects were either continued or completed in the annual report period:

- In the project area Future of Arms Control current issues of non-proliferation and arms control were dealt with. This comprises the development of the Iranian nuclear programme, on the one hand, and the crisis of the non-proliferation treaty. Dr Götz Neuneck and Dr Oliver Meier took part in the Seventh Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty Review Conference in New York. As a member of the German delegation, Götz Neuneck was able to gain deeper insight into the negotiation processes and, in the run-up to the conference, gave several introductory lectures.

- Within the framework of the research project “The Military Use of Outer Space and Options for Preventive Arms Control”, today’s utilization of space, the development of doctrines as well as technical possibilities for weapons systems against objects in space, and, in particular the capabilities of sub-state actors were analysed. Against this background, the possible consequences for international security, arms control and the civilian use of space were presented. In addition, preventive measures limiting the active utilization of space weapons and imperatives for enforcing international arms control were shown. As a follow up action, an international Pugwash study group is to be organized. The project, which was financed up until 2004 by the German Foundation for Peace Research, was finalized in the annual report period. The final report was completed in 2005.

- As part of the research area on missile defence, the principles of the function of and the technical possibilities for the realization of US Airborne Lasers and other high energy lasers are being investigated in the project “Implications and Technical Possibilities of Airborne Laser Systems”. Military strategies and political situations, which are associated with the possible introduction of laser systems, are included in the analyses. Furthermore, the effects of high-energy lasers on potential targets (missiles, satellites etc.) are being investigated. Björn Michaelsen and Götz Neuneck are conducting the project, which was started within the framework of a diploma thesis at the Institute for Laser Physics. Jan Stupl is contributing to the project within the framework of his doctoral dissertation.

- In the project “Revolution in Military Affairs/Information Warfare” the scientific-technical and military policy concepts, conflict situations and consequences, in the context of RMA/Information Warfare, are being elaborated upon. Furthermore, the possibilities for preventive arms control are being discussed. Besides the technological aspects of RMA/Information Warfare, the issue of future threats and the progressive debates on strategies puts further emphasis on changes in the armed forces under the conditions of the Revolution in Military Affairs. Research officers are Götz Neuneck, Christian Mölling and Christian Alwardt.
b. The following research projects were approved and/or started in the annual report period:

- Within the framework of the project “Regime-Building under Pressure? The Further Development of Multilateral Arms Control”, funded by the Fritz Thyssen Foundation, Dr Oliver Meier is investigating what kind of influence the new, so-called non-integrated approaches for the control of weapons of mass destruction might have on regime-building, regime effectiveness and regime change in the area of arms control. Above all, new developments in arms control such as the “Proliferation Security Initiative” on combating the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction as well as discussions on the reform of nuclear fuel cycles within the framework of the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) and the transfer of disarmament authorities to Iraq in a permanent sub-organ of the UN are being analysed. The project is being conducted in close co-operation with the U.S. Arms Control Association and aims to provide some critical insight into the transatlantic dialogue on making arms control negotiations more effective. The project is running from May 2005 until the end of 2007; the head of the project is Dr Götz Neuneck.

- “Export Control of Knowledge and Information (Intangible Technology Transfer, ITT): Possibilities and Limits” is the title of the study sponsored by The Fraunhofer Institute for Scientific-Technological Trend Analyses at IFAR. The project, which was started in September 2005 and completed in November 2005, analysed the efforts put into the control of ITT in the different export control regimes. The main part of the investigation looked into what contributions ITT can make to the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons. Götz Neuneck has overall responsibility for the project. The study was conducted by Oliver Meier and Axel Schwanhäußer.

- The Pugwash-History is being compiled with the financial support of the BMBF-funded project on “The History of the German Pugwash Movement”. The Einstein Year has shown that the work of German scientists and the effects of that work with respect to non-proliferation, disarmament and arms control have been inadequately documented. Monographs, witnesses to history and archives offer possibilities for scientific elaboration. IFAR organized a workshop in the annual report period, which is to take place in 2006. It is one of the first opportunities for taking stock of the findings (content, methodology, circle of people involved, meetings) of the Pugwash Movement; for reflection on past and future topics on the work of Pugwash; and for giving an impetus for a more comprehensive research project. The project is being conducted in 2005/2006 by Dr Götz Neuneck and Michael Schaaf.

c. The following research projects, which were prepared or submitted in the annual report period, have not yet been decided upon:

- Axel Schwanhäußer and Christian Mölling each applied to the European Foreign and Security Policy Studies-Programme of the Volkswagen Foundation and were invited to the selection conference in mid-December. Axel Schwanhäußer is working on the topic “Beyond Safeguards – Taking advantage of the early warning capabilities of the improved IAEA safeguard system in respect of nuclear programs leading to outbreak capabilities”. Christian Mölling is dealing with the topic “Towards a European Security and Military Strategy? Coherence and consequences of the European Union’s policies on military crisis management, armaments co-operation and arms control”. This project is to be carried out in co-operation with Prof. Christopher Daase from the Geschwister Scholl Institute for Political Science at the Ludwig-Maximilian University in Munich.

- In preparation for a research project proposal application on Nuclear Awareness, IFAR organized a working group. The working group has already set up a website at www.nac-info.net and prepared a workshop; and IFAR is taking steps to find co-
operation partners. With this project, IFAR aims to make information available that increases awareness of the dangers of the effects of nuclear weapons. This entails using the website as well as developing and presenting teaching materials for schools and universities. Christian Alwardt, Pia Kohorst, Axel Schwanhäußer and Jan Stupl are members of the working group.

d. Following applications were prepared but not approved.
  - none

2. Scientific-Based Services

The scientific-based services of IFAR involve primarily comprehensive consultancy and intermediation. This includes the (co-)organization of conferences and workshops (see also chapter on conferences, working groups, events and guests) as well as membership in relevant organizations, bodies and working groups. Dr Götz Neuneck is charged with the following functions, among others: He is a member of the council on “Pugwash Conferences on Science and World Affairs”, which was awarded the Nobel-Peace Prize in 1995, as well as a member of the scientific council of the German Foundation for Peace Research (DSF) and of the International Physicians for the Prevention of Nuclear War (IPPNW). In addition, he is the elected speaker of the working group “Physics and Disarmament” of the German Physical Society (DPS) and deputy chair of the Research Association for Science, Disarmament, and International Security (FONAS). In this context, he has participated in the organization of workshops, expert meetings and seminars:

- Dr Götz Neuneck participated as “technical advisor” of the German delegation in the Seventh Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty Review Conference in New York in May 2005 and was able to organize two Pugwash consultations at the conference.

- The IFAR director was a member of a BMBF-summoned round table, which, on the occasion of The Einstein Year in 2005, organized the Einstein Congress from 14-16 October in Berlin. The largest peace congress for years it was held using the motto “Einstein-Weiterdenken” (Einstein-Looking Ahead). Dr Götz Neuneck was responsible not only for Forum 5 “Arms control as an answer to new military strategies and modern armament relevant technologies”, but also for the panel discussion on “For a future without weapons of mass destruction”. Ambassador Gröning (German Foreign Office), Harald Müller (HSFK), Ron McCoy (IPPNW), Andreas Strub (EU) and the Pugwash General Secretary, Paolo Cotta-Ramusino participated in the discussions. Over 600 participants came to the event, which was well received by the media.

- As a member of the advisory board, Dr Götz Neuneck was instrumental in the organization of the 2005 International Annual Congress of the German Physical Society (DPS) from 2-9 March, which was held in Berlin. Approximately 5,000 physicists participated in the Einstein Year. As speaker of the working group „Physics and Disarmament“, Götz Neuneck headed the expert meeting. The IFAR members of staff, Jan Stupl, Michael SchAAF as well as Pia Kohorst and Christian Alwardt held presentations on the topics of „Lasers as weapons“, „The Russell-Einstein Manifest“ and „Nuclear Awareness“. On the occasion of the Einstein Year in 2005, Götz Neuneck gave a lecture on the results of the research project „Arming Outer Space“ at the expert conference of the SPD Bundestag faction on 23 April. The event in the German Bundestag was devoted to the topic of „New Security Policy Challenges in the Age of Fast-Paced Technological Developments“. Social and natural scientists lectured on topics such as the ambivalence of science, new wars, nanotechnology and B-weapons. The planned EU-security programme was also the focus of discussions.

- In the second symposium „Nuclear and Radiological Weapons - Technological Power of Judgement and Nuclear Security in Germany“ of the Fraunhofer Institute for Scientific-Technological Trend Analyses in Euskirchen, Götz Neuneck moderated the session on
„New Developments in the Area of Nuclear Weapons“ including Oliver Meier and Götz Neuneck gave lectures on „New and Novel Nuclear Weapons - Possibilities to Control“ (Meier) and „Status Quo and Application of Co-operative Threat Reduction Programmes in the US and Europe“ (Neuneck). At this expert meeting, approximately 50 experts convened to discuss technological, organizational and security policy questions dealing with nuclear security. The INT endeavours to build a network of nuclear experts in Germany.

- Within the framework of an information trip to Hamburg, the „Sub-Committee on Proliferation of Military Technology“ of the NATO Parliamentary Assembly invited the head of IFAR to a hearing on 18 October 2005 on the topic of „Nanotechnology and Preventive Arms Control“.

- On 27 October 2005, Dr Götz Neuneck took part in an expert meeting entitled „The Military Use of Outer Space - Demands, Chances, and Risks“, which took place at the German Council on Foreign Relations (DGAP) in Berlin. In front of an audience of almost one-hundred participants from politics, industry and the military, Dr Kai-Uwe Schrogl (DLR Bonn), Dipl.-Ing. Gerhard Brauer (ESA, Paris), RD Achim Müller (BMVg, Fü S II 6) and Dr Götz Neuneck discussed the future of using outer space technology for security policy purposes and the danger of arming outer space. IFAR was able to present the results of the German Foundation for Peace Research-funded project, „The arming of Outer Space and Options for Preventive Arms Control“, and to hold discussions with decision-makers and lobbyists.

3. Personnel

In the annual report period, the research group comprised three scientists, including the director, four graduate student assistants and one PhD candidate. Christian Mölling and Pia Kohorst lent their support to the research team on a voluntary basis. The members of staff of the research group supervised four interns in the report period.
Promotion of Junior Researchers, Master’s Programme, and Doctoral Student Supervision Programme

The IFSH offers an extensive support programme for junior researchers. As part of the programme, it is tradition that junior researchers collaborate in third-party funded research and consultancy projects, student assistants participate in the Institute’s academic and scientific research projects and the researchers supervise interns. In addition, since 2002, the IFSH has been jointly responsible for administering the Master of Peace and Security Studies programme (M.P.S.) at the University of Hamburg; has been involved in the European programme „Human Rights and Democratization“ (Venice); and has provided assistance to the OSCE Academy in Bishkek through CORE as well as to the Institute’s doctoral supervision programme. Moreover, the IFSH attaches great importance to the advancement of women.

In 2005, the IFSH faculty, aside from their lectures (see statistical appendix for more on lectures and courses), drew up numerous evaluation reports of diploma and masters theses and participated in diploma, master’s and doctoral examination procedures. Within the framework of the research initiative on Central Asia (CARI) of the Higher Education Support Programmes (HESP) of the Open Society Institute, Budapest, Dr Anna Kreikemeyer is the mentor of the doctoral candidate, Bakyt Jumagulov, who is working on the dissertation topic „The political role of Islam in Central Asia” at the University of Jalal Abad, Kirgystan. Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart is responsible for the organization and implementation of the Institute’s weekly research colloquium.

In October 2005, third-year students completed the post-graduate programme „Master of Peace and Security Studies” (M.P.S.). Through the IFSH, the programme received substantial funding from the German Foundation for Peace Research (DSF) and from the German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD). Seventeen doctoral students participated in the IFSH doctoral student supervision programme. In this annual report period, one doctoral thesis was completed and reviewed as „very good”.

Master’s programme „Master of Peace and Security Studies - (M.P.S.)” at the University of Hamburg

On 10 October 2005, the 4th academic year of the M.P.S. graduate programme began with student orientation. On the same day, a farewell celebration for the third-year graduates was held together with the new students. For the academic year 2005-2006, 21 students from 10 different countries (Bulgaria, China, Germany, Georgia, Israel, Italy, Poland, Romania, Serbia-Montenegro, Uzbekistan) were enrolled in the programme. More than 50 per cent of the students are women. The academic year 2005-2006 will be implemented by the University of Hamburg in co-operation with the IFSH as well as 14 other research and academic institutes of the „Co-operation Network Peace Research and Security Policy” (Kooperationsverbund Friedensforschung und Sicherheitspolitik – KoFrieS) as well as the M.P.S. Alumni and Friends Association. Coordination of the content and organization of the programme is the responsibility of IFSH, which also headed the M.P.S. programme in this report year. During this period, the director of the programme was Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann, and the academic co-ordinator was Dr Patricia Schneider. Members of the programme’s joint committee included Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann (Chair, responsible for Module I and Module VI), Dr Götz Neuneck (responsible for Module III) and Dr Wolfgang Zellner. Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann (Chair), Dr Götz Neuneck, and Dr Patricia Schneider represent the IFSH in the registrar and on the board of examiners for the programme.
Institutional members of the Co-operation Network Peace Research and Security Policy

In addition to the University of Hamburg and the IFSH, the KoFrieS includes:

- Hamburg Institute of International Economics (HWWA), Hamburg;
- Institute for International Law of Peace and Armed Conflict, Ruhruniversität Bochum;
- Bonn International Center for Conversion (BICC);
- Berghof Research Center for Constructive Conflict Management, Berlin;
- Peace Research Institute Frankfurt (HSFK);
- The Institute for Theology and Peace, Hamburg;
- Bundeswehr Command and Staff College (FüAk), Hamburg;
- Forschungsstätte der Evangelischen Studiengemeinschaft (FEST), Heidelberg;
- Centre for OSCE Research (CORE), Hamburg;
- German Overseas Institute, Hamburg;
- The Institute for Development and Peace (INEF) at the University of Duisburg-Essen;
- The International Institute for Politics and Economics, Haus Rissen, Hamburg;
- Center for International Peace Operations (ZIF);

In the annual report period, Dr Rudolf Hamann (Bundeswehr Command and Staff College) represented the Co-operation Network in the joint committee.

The aim of the two-semester programme is to introduce highly qualified graduates in the social or natural sciences, from Germany and abroad as well as academically qualified interns to a demanding level of peace and security policy research and to the basic principles of a practically-oriented methodology. Furthermore, the goal is to convey methods and results in order to prepare students for jobs in peace research and teaching, or peace and security-policy oriented careers in national and international organizations, administrations, associations, companies as well as governmental offices. The languages of instruction are German and English.

The first semester is comprised of a modular teaching programme, consisting of an intensive course during the student orientation phase as well as six other modules: international peace and security policy; international law of peace and armed conflict; natural sciences and peace; peace ethics; economic globalization and conflicts; and a cross-section module. The second semester consists of theoretical and practice-oriented modules. The students take intensive courses that prepare them for the topic of their master’s thesis. The institutes and organizations, which are part of the Co-operation Network, act, according to their research profile, as the resident institute for the students in the second semester. At the same time, they offer students a link between their studies and future career plans after successful completion of the programme.

The programme will be funded by various scholarships and grants up until 2007. We would like to make special mention of the support provided by the German Foundation for Peace Research (DFS) and the German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD). In addition to scholarships, the DAAD provides funding for the development of the “Academic Network South East Europe” (www.akademischesnetzwerk-soe.net) to support the advancement of a democratically-oriented scientific landscape in Southeastern Europe as well as to aid in the strengthening of scientific and academic co-operation between the IFSH and the Willy-Brandt Centre for German and European Studies at the University of Wroclaw in Poland.

Masters Programme Graduates 2004/2005:
Meri Angeleska, Goran Bandov, Selma Belshaku, Elena Bittasi, Csongor Aron Buzogány, Peter de Bourgraaf, Daniel Dückers, Jan Philip Klever, Sophie Kraume, Munir Ibrahim Lada'a, Cornelia Michels, Julia Niggebrügge, Nicholas Parrott, Tanja Rother, Hans Sachs, Jürgen Schrödl, Axel Schwanzhäußer, Susanne Voigt, Ricarda Waterstrat, Jinyan Zhou.

Fourth-Year Students 2005/2006:
Marcel Dickow, Jelena Djojović, Yvonne Eifert, Torsten Geise, Tanja Gey, Pleurat Halili, Marie-Christine Heinze, Christian Hillmer, Nodira Inoyatova, Barbara Kemper, Dascha Kuhn,
Programme accreditation procedures were prepared and applications were submitted in this reporting period. The application documents were accepted by the responsible agency and the process was begun in December 2005. With the accreditation of the IFSH’s comprehensive programme, its quality and appeal will increase even more.

**European Masters Degree “Human Rights and Democratization” (Venice)**

In the annual report period, the University of Hamburg joined the “Inner Circle”, a consortium of 39 universities and institutes from EU states that host this post-graduate programme, and, together with five other supporting universities, award a “joint diploma” for the programme. Since 2001, the IFSH has been carrying out teaching, advisory and testing tasks for the University of Hamburg within the framework of this programme. Tasks include offering lectures and courses in Venice to participants of the programme in the winter semester as well as teaching and supervising during the IFSH’s function as resident institute in the second semester. Klavdija Cernilogar, who was trained and supervised by Dr Anna Kreikemeyer during the period covered in this report, was given the best student of the year award in September 2005. Prof. Dr Kurt Tudyka and Dr Wolfgang Zellner lectured and taught courses during this period as well. Since 2002, Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann has been a member of the Council of Directors of the programme; and since 2004, he has represented the president of the University of Hamburg in the assembly of the host institution European Inter-University Centre (EUIC). In November 2005, Prof. Dr Gießmann was elected to the Executive Committee of the Board of Directors.

**Support for the OSCE-Academy in Bishkek (Kyrgyzstan) through CORE**

Since 2002, CORE has been participating in the building of an OSCE Academy in Bishkek (Kyrgyzstan) and, with the support of the German Foreign Office, is one of the four international scientific partner institutions of the Academy. This involves, among other tasks, collaboration in teaching at the Academy within the framework of the post-graduate masters programme Political Science (Central Asia) (Dr Andrea Berg, Dr Frank Evers, Dr Anna Kreikemeyer, Delia Rahmonova-Schwarz, M.A.); participation in the admissions procedures for the masters programme (D. Rahmonova-Schwarz) and in the Advisory Committee of the Academy (Andrea Berg); briefings to the two directors of the Academy, who were seconded by Germany; involvement in fundraising activities as well as the co-ordination of these activities with the German Foreign Office, the permanent representative of the Federal Republic of Germany to the OSCE, the OSCE Secretariat and three European partner institutes.

Also within the time frame of this report, CORE collaborated on the research and teaching activities of the OSCE Academy in Bishkek. In 2005, Andrea Berg was a member of the admissions committee and of the board of examiners. Frank Evers held a seminar on the topic of “Comparative Advantages and Shortcomings of the OSCE Economic and Environmental Dimension” in November 2005. Anna Kreikemeyer supervised the master’s theses of two students.

**The IFSH Doctoral Supervision Programme**

For many years, the IFSH has been engaged in the intensive promotion of students and junior researchers. In 2002, the German Foundation for Peace Research (DSF) provided the IFSH with substantial funding for the implementation of supervised doctoral projects. The aim of the grant
is to enable the doctoral students to complete their dissertations within the time frame of two years by providing them with an intensive supervision programme, and to give them, at the same time, the opportunity to acquire the key qualifications needed to carry out job-related activities within and outside of scientific/research institutes. To enter the programme, students are required to have a degree in natural or social sciences with an above-average grade point average, a broad knowledge of the basic principles of peace research and to have chosen a peace research-related topic for their dissertation. The support provided by the DSF has prompted the IFSH to develop and implement a structured doctoral supervision programme, into which, besides DSF scholarship holders, other doctoral candidates of the IFSH have been integrated. The director of the programme is Dr Erwin Müller. All doctoral candidates are individually supervised. Depending on the topic of their dissertation, the students are integrated into one of the corresponding institutions, for example, in IFAR, so that they are able to actively participate in the scientific and academic life of the Institute. In this way, they can acquire academic qualifications as well as on-the-job and practice-relevant experience. Regular doctoral seminars and weekly research colloquiums are at the centre of the programme’s structured support system. Special attention has been given to immersion in theory and methodology. Furthermore, the seminar and colloquium offer two platforms for the presentation of insights and results, and give students the opportunity to engage in discourse with other doctoral students as well as the extended circle of researchers at the IFSH. The programme is rounded off with research trips, internships at international organizations, participation in conferences and the acquisition of additional qualifications in the publishing and media sector as well as in academic didactics.

Internships

Within this framework of actively promoting young scholars, the IFSH also offers students the opportunity to undertake internships – an offering of which students have happily taken advantage. In 2005, a total of 26 interns successfully completed their internships at the Institute. Students have confirmed that the Institute has made their stay an interesting and fruitful one.

Services

Public Relations

Corresponding to the charter of the ISFH, besides its focus on peace research activities (strictly speaking), the Institute is to dedicate itself to reviewing “the ongoing stock of and orientation of [...] lectures, articles published in newspapers and journals, contributions made on the radio and television, and publications made in its own journals” (quantitative data on the corresponding activities is provided in detail in the statistical appendix).

In the annual report period, a large number of requests were directed to the Institute. The circle of those inquiring was exceedingly broad and mirrored the large social interest in the work of the IFSH. The media, in particular, was, of course, responsible for a high percentage of inquiries on background information, interviews and written reports. In addition to the media requests, the Institute has received requests for references and material, over and over again, from, workers’ unions, political parties and their youth organizations, schools, church groups, Federal Armed Forces’ institutions, adult education centres, peace groups and adult educational institutions, among others.

Thematically speaking, the requests concentrate, above all, on current conflicts. In 2005, the main areas of interest were the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, the Iranian nuclear programme, the UN reform and the question of whether Germany should be on the Security Council, the role of the German Federal Armed Forces in international peacekeeping missions, international terrorism, transatlantic relations, the Middle East conflict, political unrest in Central Asia, the future of the OSCE as well as specific arms control and export political issues.
Conferences, Working Groups, Events and Guests

Falkensteiner Round-Table Talks

The “Falkensteiner Gesprächskreis” was founded in October 1995 by Dr Michael Otto, the Chair of the Board of Directors of Otto-Versand, and by Prof. Dr Dr Dieter S. Lutz, the then-director of the IFSH. As a discussion forum, the roundtable brings together high-ranking representatives from politics, the sciences and economics as well as other areas such as the military and the media. It sees its goal as linking strategic questions on the survival of humankind with practical steps towards peaceful global governance. For example, talks have dealt with the conflicts and security threats connected with Russian fossil fuels. In this respect, it has invited renowned personalities such as Chancellor Gerhard Schröder; the Federal Minister for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety of Germany, Jürgen Trittin; and the First Mayor of the Free and Hanseatic City of Hamburg, Ole von Beust to its roundtable talks.

Peace Research Sponsoring Association (VFIF)

The Peace Research Sponsoring Association (VFIF) was founded on 28 January 1997 at the initiative of Dr Heinz Liebrecht and the then-member of the Hamburg state parliament of the STATT-Party, Georg Berg. The association endeavours to support the Institute’s work by acting as a broker, transmitting results to the political and public spheres and raising additional funds.

The board of directors consists of the following members:

- Georg Berg (Chairman)
- Dr Ruth Kastner (Deputy Chairman)
- Ute Middelmann (Treasurer)
- Dr Heinz Liebrecht (Secretary)
- Dr Peter Robejsek (Committee Member)
- Andrea Wist (Committee Member)
- Dr Reinhard Mutz (IFSH)

Events, Conferences and Guests

- On 12 January, the Director of the Stockholm International Peace Research Institute, Alyson J.K. Bailes, visited the IFSH. She gave a lecture on the current state of the European security and defence policy and its future after the expansion of the EU. The lecture has been published in the periodical “Hamburg Lectures at the IFSH” and is available on the IFSH website (www.ifsh.de).

- On 24 January 2005, Dr Wolfgang Zellner (Deputy Director of the IFSH and Head of CORE), Dr Götz Neuneck (Director of IFAR) and the senior researchers Dr Andrea Berg, Dr Margret Johannsen and Dr Anna Kreikemeyer visited the Federal Centre for Political Education in Bonn to give a presentation on the Institute’s activities. Dr Zellner introduced the IFSH; Dr Neuneck gave an introduction on the different range of projects of the Interdisciplinary Research Group Disarmament, Armament Control, and New Technologies (IFAR); and Dr Johannsen gave a presentation on the activities of the Centre for European Peace and Security Studies (ZEUS). Dr Kreikemeyer and Dr Berg presented the research and consultancy projects of the Centre for OSCE Research (CORE).

- The “Five years of the Stability Pact for South East Europe – ‘Taking Stock’-Conference” was organized by the DAAD in co-operation with the IFSH and the University of Hamburg. At the international conference at the University of Hamburg on 18/19 February 2005, the DAAD summed up the results of its special programme “Akademischer Neuaufbau”, which was implemented with the funding of the Federal Foreign Office within the framework of the Stability Pact for South-east Europe. ZEUS took on the responsibility
of organizing the conference, which was attended by more than 100 participants from Germany and abroad.

- **Bundeswehr-Commission Meeting at the IFSH**
  On 25 January 2005, the members of the Commission “European Security and Future of the Bundeswehr” convened at the IFSH for their annual meeting. The Commission was created in 1999 and is comprised of politicians, officers, researchers and scientists, who have been closely following the transformation process of the German Armed Forces. The main topic of the meeting was the democratic deficit in the European Security and Defence Policy (ESDP) and in the Bundeswehr.

- On 1 March, the Finnish Ambassador in Bosnien-Herzegovina, Macedonia and Albania, Dr Alpo Rusi, visited CORE. Talks concentrated on recent political developments in the Western Balkans.

- The IFSH, the Hamburg Centre for Biological Weapons and Arms Control and the US Arms Control Association organized the seminar “Thirty Years Biological Weapons Convention (BWC) – A Success Story?” in Berlin on 23 March 2005. On the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the BWC, the participants representing different sections of society (politics, academia, industry and civil society) gathered to assess international efforts in combating bio-weapons proliferation. Four presentations served as a springboard for the discussions. Iris Hunger of the Research Centre for Biological Weapons and Arms Control of the University of Hamburg and Oliver Meier (IFAR) organized the event.

- On 15 April, the United States Ambassador to the OSCE, Stephan M. Minikes and the Permanent Representative of Germany to the OSCE, Dr Dieter Boden, visited the Centre for OSCE Research (CORE). The lecture given by Ambassador Minikes on the topic of “The Current Situation of the OSCE” and comments made by Ambassador Dr Boden provided for a lively discussion.

- From 18-20 April as well as from 18-29 May, CORE held two workshops in Hamburg where members of an international Task Force and CORE staff members discussed the draft report on Managing Change in Europe – Evaluating the OSCE and Its Future Role: Competencies, Capabilities, and Missions (Cf. 3b).

- FONAS and IANUS together with the Rheinland Evangelical Academy held an expert conference on “Controlling or Shaping Development” in which Jan Stupl and Götz Neuneck participated. The presentations, which were given by IFAR, dealt with the issues of laser technology application and the dual-use potential of outer space technology, in particular, the planned navigation system Galilei.

- On 3 May 2005, Ms. Claudia Nolte, Member of the German Parliament (Bundestag), and Chairperson of the General Committee on Democracy, Human Rights and Humanitarian Questions of the Parliamentary Assembly of the OSCE paid a working visit to the Centre for OSCE Research (CORE). Ms Nolte exchanged views with a group of CORE researchers on the topics of trafficking in human beings, migration and regional conflicts.

- From 1-3 June 2005, the 11th Workshop of the Academic Network took place in Hamburg under the title “Kosovo, the OSCE and Others. Drama in two Acts with an Epilogue”. Prof. Kurt P. Tudyka moderated the workshop as a simulated play. Dr Patricia Schneider laid out the concept for the accompanying Web-CT platform. The seminar’s content was comprised of preparation, presentation, and analyzing of role-plays through which questions and problems related to the interaction between the actors in the Kosovo conflict could be demonstrated and discussed [in an interactive process]. The seminar’s main objectives were to convey findings on the Balkan region and provide insight into the problems of international conflict management. The format “simulation exercise” was chosen for the event to better transmit group dynamic and negotiation skills. By using the WebCT-Platform, the students were able to acquire E-Learning competency. Students of
the University of Hamburg and from other German universities as well as students from abroad participated in the event. The seminar was held in English.

- On 3 June 2005, the 8th Conference of the German Association for Political Science (DVPW)-Ad-Hoc Group entitled “Ordnungen der Gewalt” took place at the Institute for Political Sciences at the University of Hamburg. The ad-hoc group, which was coordinated by Stephen Hensell (together with Boris Wilke, SWP), discussed the topic “The Outsourcing of Statehood” – reversible or irreversible processes?”

- Under the supervision of Dr Götz Neuneck, IFAR together with the Berlin Information-Centre for Transatlantic Security (BITS), organized a presentation on the Space Security Project. The event took place on 15 June 2005 under the title of “Outer Space Security and Weapons”. The goal of the project is to map out the security policy implications of outer space projects and make these available to the political, scientific and public sectors in a yearbook entitled “Space Security”. A delegation from Canada and the United States presented the so-called Space Security Index. This annual standard report is comprised of eight indicators, which describe the security conditions in outer space. Included among these are civil and commercial outer space programmes, legal, political and military developments, protection of satellites against meteorites and debris in orbit. The security index is supported by 170 experts and will soon become the standard source for questions on outer space security.

- On 25 August 2005, a high-ranking delegation “Commission of Science, Technology and Industry of National Defence” from the People’s Republic of China visited the IFSH. The group of experts, consisting of 20 delegates, informed themselves about current security policy issues. After a lecture by Prof. Dr Hans J. Gießmann on the basic principles of German foreign and security policy, Dr Hans-Georg Ehrhart gave a presentation on the development of the European Security and Defence Policy of the European Union and Dr Götz Neuneck on arms control and proliferation policy challenges. The visiting experts from China were mainly interested in questions concerned with German and European armament and armament export policies.


- On 6 October, the former head of the Permanent Mission of the Federal Republic of Germany to the OSCE, Ambassador Dr Dieter Boden, visited the IFSH and gave a talk on the topic “Three Years for the OSCE in Vienna and the Ongoing Reform Process of the Organization”. This was yet another opportunity to discuss the latest developments in the reform debate on the OSCE.

- Götz Neuneck held the laudatio at this year’s ceremony awarding the “Whistleblower-Prize” of the German Association of Scientists (VDW) and the International Association of Lawyers against Nuclear Arms (IALANA) on 15 October. The prize went to Theodore Postol from MIT in Cambridge/USA, a prominent critic of the US-American National Missile Defence programme (NMD). The ceremony took place in Berlin during the Einstein congress.

- On 29 November, within the framework of a guest programme of the German Federal Republic, a high-ranking delegation from Burkina Faso, the Ivory Coast, Guinea, Mali, Niger, Togo and Chad paid a working visit to the IFSH to receive information on the role of regional and international organizations in conflict prevention and resolution. The
presentations from CORE and ZEUS on the corresponding activities of the OSCE and the EU were given special attention.

- In December 2005, the fourth workshop of the IFSH with the Willy-Brandt Centre for German and European Studies of the University of Breslau took place. The DAAD-funded workshop was organized as a scientific event by doctoral candidates and students from both institutions. Since 2003, Prof. Dr Gießmann has been conducting seminars on European security policy and has co-ordinated a series of lectures on “Germany-Poland-Europe”. DAAD funds for this have also been raised.

Peace Education

“Peace Education at the IFSH” is a service offered to the schools of Hamburg and the surrounding areas. Services consist of lecture offerings dealing with peace and conflict research problems and current security policy issues as well as co-operating with national educational institutions in specific events. The spectrum of topics ranges from basic peace policy questions to core conflict situations. In 2005, the most-often requested topics were “international terrorism” and “regional conflict”. Furthermore, curriculum materials were developed; teachers were given consultations on lesson and project-planning; students were advised on what topics to choose for written assignments and oral presentations; advice on what text books and material to choose was given as well as support during the preparations for their final secondary-school examinations. In the annual report period, the manuscript for the CD-ROM “Why is Israel building a wall in the Holy Land? - a part of the multimedia project “Why?...Events that made the headlines” by South-West Broadcasting – was compiled. At the request of the “Distance Learning Academy for Continuing Education” (Fernakademie für Erwachsenenbildung) a reader entitled “Social Studies: Peace and Security based on the example of the Middle East Conflict” is being prepared.

Library and Documentation

The IFSH Library is primarily open to scholars, PhD students and the students of the MPS programme. However, the library may also be used by students of the University of Hamburg and the interested public.

The library collection comprises 27,781 volumes and 144 magazines (as of 31.12.2005). The total number of acquisitions amounted to 601 volumes 56 of which were acquired through third-party funding and 366 of which were donated. One-hundred volumes and 20 articles were borrowed from libraries in Hamburg or obtained through inter-library loan services.

Since August 2004, the Library’s collection has been accessible through the campus catalogue of the University of Hamburg. This has made conducting research through the Internet possible. The conversion and transfer of old data, however, has been delayed once more. For this reason, the Library’s collection, starting from 1994, is expected to be available through the campus catalogue in 2006.

The IFSH Library also houses the OSCE Depository Library through which literature on the OSCE is collected systematically. OSCE Depository Library has compiled a bibliography of the OSCE Yearbook as well as an OSCE online bibliography, which can be accessed on the CORE homepage.

The Documentation Unit was restructured in June 2000 with the participation of the IFSH in the “World Affairs Online – Expert Information Network on International Politics and Regional Geography” (FIV) – a co-operation network of 11 independent German research institutes that constitute a joint network. The different tasks of the Documentation Unit, e.g. subject-related research, are conducted with the help of the electronic data bank of the FIV and the Internet.
The Documentation Unit, together with the Graduate Institute of International Relations (Geneva) maintains the Information Website OSCE Networking (see: OSCE Networking Project http://www.isn.ethz.ch/osce/).

The collaboration with the DFG-funded project “Virtual Expert Library”, which is being conducted by the State and University Library of Hamburg (SUB), led to a contractual co-operation between the SUB and the IFSH. The IFSH took part in the putting together an expert guide for Internet sources, the so-called politics and peace guide (pp-guide). The Institute classified, indexed and reviewed Internet links on peace research and security policy, which will be included in the databank of all of the participating institutes and made available to the public on the SUB website. The Internet sources on peace research can be found at <http://www.vifapol.de/systematik/pea/>.

The Documentation Unit and Library of the IFSH will assume responsibility for the bundling, controlling and clearing of Internet links and will act as the contact partner of the IFSH for the pp-guide participating institutes.
Publications


The IFSH publishes five periodicals: The “Hamburger Beiträge zur Friedensforschung und Sicherheitspolitik” (Hamburg Contributions on Peace Research and Security Policy) – which appeals to an audience of experts; the “Hamburger Informationen zur Friedensforschung und Sicherheitspolitik” (Hamburg Information on Peace Research and Security Policy) – which is designed to reach the wider public; the “Pädagogische Informationen zur Friedensforschung und Sicherheitspolitik” (Paedagogical Information on Peace Research and Security Policy) – which is geared toward educational and extracurricular activities for students; and the “Hamburger Vorträge zur Friedensforschung und Sicherheitspolitik” (Hamburg Lectures on Peace Research and Security Policy) – which publishes contributions made by IFSH guest lecturers. The newsletter “IFSH-aktuell” complements these four publications. “IFSH-aktuell” informs the interested public, in a concise way, about new projects, events, current opinions and the Institute’s most recent publications. All five publications can be viewed at or downloaded from the Institute’s website (www.ifsh.de). A limited number are available in printed form at no cost.

The Centre for OSCE Research puts out three publications: CORE Working Papers, CORE News and the CORE Annual Report. These are available in electronic form at the CORE Website (www.core-hamburg.de); and a limited amount of hard copies can be obtained through the Institute at no cost.

The Interdisciplinary Research Group on Disarmament, Arms Control and Risk Technologies (IFAR²) releases the IFAR Working Papers in electronic form; they can be viewed at and downloaded from <www.ifsh.de/IFAR/serv_bp.htm>

Financial support for the Institute’s publications is provided by the FHH.

In addition, the Institute has been the joint publisher of the annually published Peace Report since 1987 and of the OSCE Yearbook since 1995.

In 2005, the members of staff published a total of eight books and, with 147 contributions – among these nine in peer-reviewed periodicals – participated in public and scientific discussions. In addition to the Peace Report and the OSCE Yearbook, other editorial work is undertaken continually. Dr Erwin Müller, Dr Patricia Schneider and Dr Thorsten Stodiek edit the periodical “Sicherheit und Frieden (S+F)”. The book series “Demokratie, Sicherheit, Frieden” [Democracy, Security and Peace] is published by Prof. Dr Hans. J. Gießmann with the editorial support of Susanne Bund.

Dr Jürgen Groß is responsible for the “Hamburg Contributions on Peace Research and Security Policy” and Dr Anna Kreikemeyer for “IFSH aktuell”. Dr Wolfgang Zellner is co-editor of the Helsinki Monitor and Prof. Dr H.-J. Gießmann is member of the editorial board of “Connections – The Quarterly Journal” and of “Athena Papers” of the academic Partnerships-for-Peace Consortium. Dr Götz Neuneck is member of the circle of editors linked to the INESAP-Bulletin.

OSCE-Yearbook

OSCE Yearbook, which has been published annually since 1995, appears in German, English, and Russian. The IFSH publishes the Yearbook in co-operation with Ambassador Jonathan Dean rtd., Dr Pál Dunay, Prof. Victor-Yves Ghebali, Prof. Adam Daniel Rotfeld and Prof. Andrei Zagorski. Ursel Schlichting is the editor-in-chief; editorial tasks and translations are undertaken by the editorial staff Susanne Bund, Graeme Currie, Daria Filippow and Elena Kropatcheva. The German and English editions are published by the NOMOS-Verlag, Baden-Baden, and the Russian edition by the publishing house “Prawa Tschelowjeka” in Moscow. The
Yearbook, which is, officially speaking, not an OSCE publication, receives wide support, e.g. from the OSCE Secretary General in Vienna, the Federal Foreign Office, the Permanent Representative of the Federal Republic of Germany to the OSCE as well as from other institutions within the OSCE.

The editors wish to thank the Federal Foreign Office for financing the printing of the publication and for covering part of the personnel costs. The Federal Foreign Office also provides financial support to cover the distribution costs of free copies sent to foreign ministries and OSCE-related institutions as well as universities and libraries.

**OSCE-Yearbook 2005**

The OSCE Yearbook has taken shape against the background of the 30th anniversary of the Helsinki Final Act. Following the preface by this year’s OSCE Chairman-in-Office and Slovenian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dimitrij Rupel, the first chapter takes a retrospective look at the last 30 Years of the CSCE/OSCE, dealing especially with the beginning years of the CSCE.

In the section dedicated to the interests and involvement of individual OSCE participating States, France and Belarus, as well as the group of “like-minded” States, present their distinctive co-operative and multilateral approach. The second part of the Yearbook is devoted to OSCE tasks in the three dimensions (the politico-military, the economic and environmental and the human dimension), and describes its instruments and mechanisms, in particular those of conflict prevention and mediation, including its committed long-term missions. The third part focuses on the mode of operation and structures of the OSCE, its organs as well as its relations with co-operation partners and other international non-governmental organizations.

In response to the continuous critique of the Organization and the demand for a radical reform of the OSCE, three important documents have been added to the appendix: The final report of the Panel of Eminent Persons, the joint report of the Parliamentary Assembly of the OSCE and the Swiss Institute for World Affairs as well as the CORE final report of the project on the OSCE reform entitled “Managing Change in Europe”. Furthermore, in the Yearbook’s appendix, important data and facts on the Organization and on the 55 participating States are provided as well as a chronology and a comprehensive bibliography on the OSCE.

As always, the international composition of the circle of editors and authors as well as their different political, diplomatic and scientific backgrounds guarantee a broad and representative spectrum of opinions and knowledge, making an open and critical discourse on the OSCE possible.

**Peace Report**

Since 1987, the IFSH has been co-editor of the annual Peace Report. The Peace Report is the joint Yearbook of the five scientific institutes for peace research in the Federal Republic of Germany: the IFSH in Hamburg; the Institute for Development and Peace (INEF) at the University of Duisburg-Essen; the Forschungsstätte der Evangelischen Studiengemeinschaft (FEST), Heidelberg; the Peace Research Institute Frankfurt (HSFK); and the Bonn International Center for Conversion (BICC). International conflicts and current threats to peace are continually being observed and investigated. The editor’s opinions are based on the individual studies published in the Report. Results are bundled together and weighed against each other; and recommendations for peace and security policy-making are formulated with a special focus on negotiating European and German policy options. With respect to the balancing of policy conflict developments, the Peace Report points out the cause-effect relationship, provides approaches to finding solutions and encourages readers to form independent judgements.

**Peace Report 2005**

The Peace Report 2005 is devoted to the pressing question of the de-escalation of international conflicts – from three different perspectives. The first chapter deals with containment strategies
for specific conflict centres. What role do the involved actors play in such different conflict regions and states, e.g. in the Near and Middle East, Afghanistan, Liberia, the Balkans, Chechnya and in the Sudan? What potential for de-escalation exists? What makes external and internal crisis prevention a success or failure? How compatible are local, regional and international concepts? In the second subject area, the authors deal with the issue of how to deal with weapons of mass destruction in the face of new (military) technical challenges and threats. The asymmetry of political power in the various international and intrastate conflicts demands new (preventive) control systems. How can the further proliferation of weapons of mass destruction be prevented? Is there a realistic threat potential if weapons of mass destruction fall into the hands of terrorists? How should the US and Europe behave toward Iran and North Korea? The last chapter is based on the observation that the balance between military and civil conflict resolution is shifting. Has a new self-concept on the armed forces developed? What negotiating options and strategies are adequate for the UN? What possibilities are there for opening a discussion on reform? If internal societal, economic and ecological causes of conflict become significant, will the role of civil society as an actor in the peace process grow? The contributions from the IFSH were provided by Jürgen Groß, Margret Johannsen, Pia Kohorst, Götz Neuneck, André Rothkirch and Ursel Schlichting and by the guest author Henner Fürtig (Deutsches Orient-Institut, Hamburg).

**Publications by IFSH Members of Staff in 2005**

**IFSH**

**CORE**

**Andrea Berg**

**Hans-Georg Ehrhart**


Frank Evers


Heiko Fürst


Hans-Joachim Gießmann

- Friedenskonsolidierung auf dem Balkan: Probleme und Perspektiven, Hamburger Beiträge zur Friedensforscher und Sicherheitspolitik, Heft 140, Hamburg 2005 (Hrsg. zusammen mit Patricia Schneider).
- Akademisches Netzwerk Südosteuropa, Hamburger Beiträge zur Friedensforschung und Sicherheitspolitik, Heft 139, Hamburg 2005 (Hrsg. zusammen mit Patricia Schneider).

Friederike Graeper


Jürgen Groß


Regina Heller


Stephan Hensell


Margret Johannsen


Martin Kahl

- The Culture of Dialogue - The OSCE Acquis 30 Years after Helsinki, Hamburg 2005 (mit Frank Evers und Wolfgang Zellner).

**Marietta König**


**Pia Kohorst**


**Elena Kropatcheva**


**Jan Kuhn**


**Annette Legutke**

- From lessons lost to lessons learned?, in: Helsinki Monitor 3/2005 (Special Issue), S. 263-266.

**Oliver Meier**


**Christian Mölling**


Solveig Richter

André Rothkirch

Ute Runge

Ursel Schlichting

Patricia Schneider
- Friedensforschung und Sicherheitspolitik, Heft 139, Hamburg 2005 (Hrsg. mit Hans J. Gießmann).

Arne C. Seifert
- Ukreplenie doveriya mezhdu predstavitelyami svetskoj vlasti i politicheskogo islama vozmozhno! Transformativa tsentra tsentrano-aziatskih obscheestv i regionalnaya bezopasnost, Mezhduarodnaya Obshchestvennaya Organizatsiya Tsentr Strategicheskikh i Politicheskikh Issledovanij, Moskva 2005, S. 82-89.

Katrin Simhandl

Thorsten Stodiek

Jan Stupl
- Laser als Waffensysteme? Hamburg 2005 (IFAR-WORKING PAPER #7) (mit Götz Neuneck)

Isabelle Tannous

Kurt P. Tudyka

Merle Vetterlein

Wolfgang Zellner
Statistical Appendix
## Statistics: Public Relations

Activities of IFSH members of staff in 2005

<table>
<thead>
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## Third-party sponsors/funds raised by the Institute for Peace Research and Security Policy (IFSH) from 2004 through 2009 (in Euros)

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<td><strong>Total ZEUS</strong></td>
<td>130,124</td>
<td>95,742</td>
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<tr>
<td>Centre for OSCE-Research (CORE)</td>
<td>DFG</td>
<td>205,000</td>
<td>198,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Federal States</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economy</td>
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<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foundations</td>
<td>9,720⁷</td>
<td>19,440⁹</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>31,595¹¹</td>
<td>52,769¹¹</td>
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<td><strong>Total CORE</strong></td>
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<td>270,209</td>
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<td>Interdisciplinary Research Group on Disarmament, Arms Control and Risk Technologies (IFAR)</td>
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<td>10,150¹²</td>
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<tr>
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<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU</td>
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<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economy</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foundations</td>
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<td>140,000¹¹</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>20,300¹¹</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total IFSH (overall)</strong></td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>170,450</td>
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<td><strong>Total IFSH</strong></td>
<td>159,975</td>
<td>127,660</td>
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<td><strong>IFSH Total</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>EU</td>
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<td>-</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economy</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foundations</td>
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<td>191,440</td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>Total IFSH</strong></td>
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¹ Extension of Hensell project for 6 months
³ DAAD: Willy-Brandt-Zentrum: 27.379.
⁴ BWG, Seminars Balkan-Network
⁵ Humboldt Stiftung, TransCoop-Programme with Pfaltzgraff
⁶ NATO, Conference Funding
⁷ EMA Master
⁸ Friedrich Naumann Stiftung, Doctoral fellowship Kropatcheva, 1. year
⁹ Friedrich Naumann Stiftung, Doctoral fellowship Kropatcheva, 2. year / König 1. year
¹⁰ Group of 16 OSCE-participant States, coordinated by Finland
¹¹ Finland, Evaluating the OSCE and Its Future Role
¹² BMBF, Workshop Pugwash
¹³ Project Meier, Thyssen-Stiftung
¹⁴ Fraunhofer Institut Natural science-technological trend analysis
¹⁵ 70,000,- for the officer seconded to IFSH by the Federal Ministry of Defense; 87,379,- from DAAD for MPS
¹⁶ 70,000,- for the officer seconded to IFSH by the Federal Ministry of Defense; 57,660 from DAAD, Akademisches Netzwerk SOE (Stipends, Workshops, Guest lecturer).
¹⁷ 70,000,- for the officer seconded to IFSH by the Federal Ministry of Defence; 47,543 from DAAD, Akademisches Netzwerk SOE (Stipends, Workshops)
Research Projects

Hans-Georg Ehrhart
Lexikon Europäische Sicherheitspolitik

Heiko Fürst
Nationale Debatten zur gemeinsamen europäischen Außenpolitik in Polen, Rumänien und Ungarn

Hans-Joachim Gießmann
Revisiting the Transatlantic Security Relationship after the Iraq War

Hans-Joachim Gießmann

Hans-Joachim Gießmann/Bernt Berger
Interregionale Zusammenarbeit EU – ARF – ASEAN. Fokus Ostasien

Friederike Grüper
Medienhilfe als Instrument externer Demokratieförderung. Motive, Ziele und Implementierungswege internationaler Akteure am Beispiel von Bosnien-Herzegovina und des Kosovo

Dennis Gratz

Jürgen Groß
Demokratie in der Armee. Demokratisierung von Streitkräften im Kontext europäischer Sicherheit I

Jürgen Groß
Armee in der Demokratie. Demokratisierung von Streitkräften im Kontext europäischer Sicherheit II

Jürgen Groß
Innere Führung als europäisches Friedenskonzept

Regina Heller
Normensozialisation in Russland – Chancen und Grenzen europäischer Menschenrechtspolitik gegenüber der Russland- Föderation

Stephan Hensell/Hans-Georg Ehrhart
Privatisierung des Sicherheitsektors in peripheren postsozialistischen Staaten

Margret Johannsen
(Re-)Konstruktion staatlicher Institutionen in der Westbank und im Gazastreifen als Aufgabe europäischer Außen- und Sicherheitspolitik

Margret Johannsen
Die Rolle der palästinensischen Diaspora in der Konfliktentwicklung und Konflikttransformation

Margret Johannsen/Hans-Georg Ehrhart
Sicherheit im „Broader Middle East“: Herausforderungen für EU und NATO

Martin Kahl
Die EU und der Kampf gegen den Terrorismus

Marietta König
Feldoperationen der Vereinten Nationen in ethnopolitischen Konflikten: Untersuchung der Wirksamkeit der UNOMIG-Vermittlung zwischen Georgien und Abchasien

Anna Kreikemeyer/Andrea Berg/Wolfgang Zellner
Sicherheit durch Demokratisierung? Theoretischer Rahmen und vergleichende Fallstudien zu Zielen, Problem- adäquatheit, Organisation und Wirksamkeit der auf Sicherheitsbildung gerichteten Demokratisierungsmaßnahmen der OSZE in Kasachstan, Kirgisistan und Usbekistan

Elena Kropatcheva
Russische Außenpolitik gegenüber der Ukraine als Quelle von Spannungen mit dem Westen

Annette Legutke/Wolfgang Sporrer/Wolfgang Zellner
Leistungsbilanzen von OSZE- und VN-Missionen unterschiedlicher Größenordnung am Beispiel der Missionen in Georgien, dem Kosovo, in Mazedonien und in Tadschikistan

Naida Mehmedbegovic
Elitenwechsel in Bosnien und Herzegowina in der Transition

Oliver Meier
Regimebildung unter Druck? Die Fortentwicklung multilateraler Rüstungskontrolle
Erwin Müller/Patricia Schneider
Risikoanalyse Terrorismus. Terrorismus als Bedrohung für Hafenmetropolen. Modellfälle Hamburg und Shanghai

Reinhard Mutz
Europäische Sicherheit zwischen alter und neuer Frontenbildung und die sicherheitspolitische Orientierung der Bundesrepublik Deutschland

Jens Narten
Nachhaltige Friedenskonsolidierung in UN-Mandatsgebieten. Konfliktzivilisierung, Menschenrechtsschutz und staatlicher Aufbau durch internationale Missionen am Beispiel des Kosovo

Götz Neuneck/Christian Alwardt
Revolution in Military Affairs/ Unmanned Aerial Vehicle/Cruise Missiles

Götz Neuneck Björn Michelsen/Jan Stupl
Implikationen und technische Möglichkeiten von Airborne Laser Systemen

Götz Neuneck/Oliver Meier/Axel Schwanhäußer
Exportkontrolle von Wissen und Information (Intangible Technology Transfer, ITT): Möglichkeiten und Grenzen

Götz Neuneck/Oliver Meier
Die Zukunft der Rüstungskontrolle, Abrüstung und Nichtverbreitung

Götz Neuneck/Christian Mölling/Christian Alwardt
Revolution in Military Affairs/Information Warfare

Götz Neuneck/Michael Schaaf
Geschichte der deutschen Pugwash-Bewegung

Götz Neuneck/André Rothkirch
Die militärische Nutzung des Weltraums und die Möglichkeiten präventiver Rüstungskontrolle

Delia Rahmonova-Schwarz
Transnationale Migration und gesellschaftlich-politischer Wandel in Zentralasien: Eine vergleichende Länderstudie über Arbeitsmigration von Zentralasien nach Russland

Solveig Richter
Zur Effektivität externer Demokratisierungsmaßnahmen in internen Transformationsprozessen: Internationale Organisationen in Südosteuropa

Bernhard Rinke

Katrin Simhandl
Roma-Minderheiten – die diskursive Erschließung eines politischen Raums

Thorsten Stodiek/Wolfgang Zellner
Die OSZE und der Aufbau multiethnischer Polizeikräfte auf dem Balkan

Timothy Stoy
Demokratie, Soft Power und militärische Stärke. ESVP und NATO aus Sicht der USA

Isabelle Tannous
Konfliktprävention und Krisenmanagement der Europäischen Union

Merle Vetterlein
Die Umsetzung des Rahmenabkommens von Ohrid und sein Einfluss auf die Stabilität der Republik Makedonien
Lectures and Courses Given by IFSH Members of Staff in 2005

Winter Semester 2004/2005

- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Forschungskolloquium (Hans-Georg Ehrhart)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Vertiefungsseminar, Europäische Sicherheitspolitik. Die Sicherheitspolitik der EU im Werden (Hans-Georg Ehrhart)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Seminar, Probleme militärischer Macht (Jürgen Groß)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Vorlesung, Einführung in die Friedensforschung (Hans-Joachim Gießmann)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Vorlesung, Einführung in die Sicherheitspolitik (Hans-Joachim Gießmann)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Seminar, Der Nahostkonflikt in den Internationalen Beziehungen (Margret Johannsen)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Seminar, Akademisches Schreiben (Anna Kreikemeyer)
- OSZE-Akademie Bischkek, Masterstudiengang „Political Science (Central Asia)“, Blockseminar, Grundlagen der Demokratie und Demokratisierungspolitik (Anna Kreikemeyer)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Seminar, Frieden durch Recht (Erwin Müller)
- IFSH-Doktorandenprogramm, Doktorandenseminar (Erwin Müller/Wolfgang Zellner)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Blockseminar, US Nuclear Strategy (Götz Neuneck/Keith Shimko)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Blockseminar, The Revolution in Military Affairs and Transatlantic Relations (Götz Neuneck/Keith Shimko)
- Universität Hamburg, FB Physik und Informatik, Proseminar, Rüstungsdynamik und Ressourcenkonflikte: Beiträge aus der Informatik, Physik und Friedensforschung (Götz Neuneck/Hartwig Spitzer/Dieter Engels)
- Universität Hamburg, FB Physik und Informatik, Vorlesung, Naturwissenschaftliche Beiträge zur friedenswissenschaftlichen Forschung (Götz Neuneck/Hartwig Spitzer/Jan van Aken/Leonie Dreschler-Fischer/Claus-Peter Ortlieb)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Vertiefungsseminar, Frieden durch Recht (Erwin Müller/ Patricia Schneider)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Vertiefungsseminar, Europäische Sicherheitspolitik/ OSZE (Wolfgang Zellner)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Übung zum wissenschaftlichen Arbeiten (Bernhard Rinke).

Summer Semester 2005

- Sommersemester 2005, Universität Wrocław/WBZ, Oberseminar Neue Kriege (Hans-Joachim Gießmann)
- TU Hamburg-Harburg, Humanities, Blockseminar, Ethics for Engineers: Ethics and Science (Oliver Meier zusammen mit Iris Hunger)
- Universität Hamburg, Fachbereich Physik, Proseminar: Einstein als Physiker und Weltbürger (Götz Neuneck: zusammen mit Dieter Engels, Peter Hauschildt, Stefan Kettemann, Sabine Pütter, Hartwig Spitzer)

Winter Semester 2005/2006

- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Seminar, Probleme militärischer Macht (Jürgen Groß)
- Universität Hamburg/M.P.S., Forschungskolloquium (Hans-Georg Ehrhart)

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- Führungsakademie der Bundeswehr, Fachbereich Sicherheitspolitik und Strategie, LGAN 2005 Sicherheitspolitische Einführung, EU – Sachstand und sicherheitspolitische Perspektiven (Hans-Georg Ehrhart)
- Universität Hamburg/M.P.S., Vertiefungsseminar „Der Nahostkonflikt in den Internationalen Beziehungen“ (Margret Johannsen)
- Seminar im MSP-Studiengang und im Osteuropa-Studiengang der Universität Hamburg zum Thema „Sicherheit und Stabilität in und mit Zentralasien“ (Anna Kreikemeyer)
- Übung im MSP-Studiengang zum Thema „Wissenschaft Schreiben“ (Anna Kreikemeyer)
- European Master’s Degree in Human Rights and Democratisation (E.MA), Venedig, Vorlesung “The Role of the OSCE in Eurasian Security” und Seminar “The OSCE’s Crisis and Reform Debate” (Wolfgang Zellner)
- Universität Hamburg/IFSH, M.P.S., Vertiefungsseminar, Europäische Sicherheitspolitik/ OSZE (Wolfgang Zellner)
- Universität Hamburg/M.P.S., Vorlesung: Naturwissenschaftliche Beiträge zur friedenswissenschaftlichen Forschung (Götz Neuneck zusammen mit Jan van Aken, Leonie Dreschler-Fischer, Iris Hunger)
- Universität Hamburg/M.P.S., Seminar: „Rüstungskontrolle, Verifikation, Verhandlungen“ (Götz Neuneck zusammen mit Jan van Aken, Leonie Dreschler-Fischer, Iris Hunger)
- Universität Hamburg/M.P.S., Vertiefungsseminar: „Frieden durch Recht“ (Erwin Müller/ Patricia Schneider)

Training courses/Guest Lectures
- Universität Kiel, Ringvorlesung, Nukleare Abrüstung und Rüstungskontrolle (Götz Neuneck)
- Universität Hamburg, Ringvorlesung, Nukleare Abrüstung und Rüstungskontrolle (Götz Neuneck)
- Universität Kassel, Ringvorlesung, Nukleare Abrüstung und Rüstungskontrolle (Götz Neuneck)
- Universität Hamburg, Ringvorlesung, Fußball und Völkerverständigung (Hans-Georg Ehrhart)